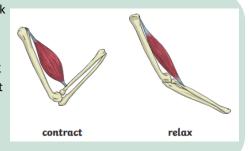
# Year 3: Food and our bodies

### **Skeleton**

#### Human skeleton skull Skeletons do three important clavicle jobs: scapula **Protect** organs inside the body. ribcage Allow movement. humerus vertebral column **Support** the body and stop it from ulna pelvis falling on the radius floor. Dog skeleton femur tibia fibula

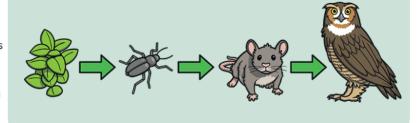
#### **Muscles**

Skeletal muscles work in pairs to move the bones they are attached to by taking turns to **contract** (get shorter) and **relax** (get longer).

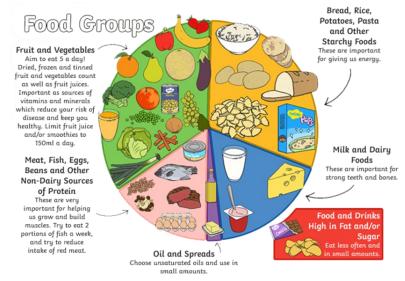


#### **Nutrition**

Animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition. They get nutrition from what they eat. Plants can produce their own food.



## Food groups



To be healthy, nutritious food is needed to provide energy for the body. A variety of food is needed in the diet because different foods contain different substances that are needed to keep you healthy.

# **KEY VOCABULARY**



**NUTRITION:** substances that living things need to stay alive and healthy



**VERTEBRATE**: Animals with backbones.



**INVERTEBRATE**: Animals without backbones.



**CARNIVORE:** Animals that only eat meat.



**HERBIVORE**: Animals that only eat plants.



**ENDOSKELETON:** A living thing with a hard skeleton on the inside of their body.



**EXOSKELETON:** A living thing with a hard skeleton on the outside of their body.



**HYDROSTATIC:** A living thing with a soft skeleton.